THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

NO. 44 OF 1969

I ASSENT,

[Signature]

6TH NOVEMBER, 1969

An Act to convert Government Leaseholds into rights of occupancies, to disapply the Freehold Titles (Conversion) and Government Leases Act, 1963, and to provide for matters consequential upon, connected with and incidental to such conversion

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ENACTED by the Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania.

1.—(1) This Act may be cited as the Government Leaseholds (Conversion to Rights of Occupancy) Act, 1969.

(2) This Act shall come into operation on such date as the Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, appoint.

(3) The Minister may appoint under subsection (2) different dates for different regions or parts of Tanganyika, or for different categories or descriptions of Government leases.

2.—(1) In this Act unless the context otherwise requires—

“appointed day” in relation to any Government lease means the date appointed under section 1 as the date upon which this Act shall come into operation in respect of the land held under such Government lease;

“the Commissioner” means the Commissioner for Lands;

“derivative lease” means a sub-lease or a sub-sub-lease;

“Government lease” means any lease which immediately before the appointed day was a Government lease under and within the meaning of the Freehold Titles (Conversion) and Government Leases Act, 1963;

“leaseholder” in relation to any Government lease is the person who, immediately before the appointed day, was the holder of the Government lease;

“Minister” means the Minister for the time being responsible for lands;
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(2) All words and expressions used in, but not defined by, this Act shall, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meanings as are assigned to those words and expressions by the Lands Ordinance.

3.—(1) Every Government lease shall, with effect from the appointed day, be extinguished.

(2) On or after the appointed day the leaseholder shall hold the land which, immediately prior to the appointed day, was held for a Government lease under a right of occupancy which shall be deemed to have been duly granted to such leaseholder under section 6 of the Lands Ordinance for a term equal to the unexpired term of the Government lease for which the land was held immediately before the appointed day, and, except as varied by this Act, all the provisions of the Lands Ordinance and of regulations made thereunder shall apply and extend to such right of occupancy.

4.—(1) For the purposes of this section “interest” includes any derivative lease, any mortgage, charge, lien or other encumbrance whatsoever, any easement or right of way, any caveat and any other right or liability created by any trust, will, agreement or covenant or otherwise howsoever.

(2) Except to the extent necessary to give operation and effect to the provisions of this Act and of the Land Ordinance and the regulations thereunder, the extinguishment by this Act of a Government lease shall not prejudice or affect in any way any lawful interest subsisting immediately before the appointed day in respect of the Government lease or the land held for the Government lease, and it is hereby declared that, to the extent to which it is lawful, every such interest shall, until it expires by effluxion of time or is sooner determined, continue to be of such legal effect as it would have if it had originated in respect of a right of occupancy created under section 6 of the Land Ordinance.

5.—(1) A leaseholder who, by virtue of the provisions of section 4, becomes the owner of a right of occupancy over and in respect of the land previously held by him for a Government lease, shall not be required to pay any premium in respect of such right of occupancy.

(2) For the purposes of the application of the provisions of the Land Ordinance and the regulations thereunder relating to rents for the right of occupancy over public land, every right of occupancy created by this Act shall be deemed to be a right of occupancy of public land, and those provisions shall, with and subject to any necessary adaptation and modifications, extend and apply accordingly.

(3) The rent first determined by the Commissioner for any right of occupancy created by this Act shall be payable on and from the appointed day.

(4) The rent determined by the Commissioner at any time shall continue to be payable until the Commissioner again determines such rent, the Commissioner being hereby empowered to make such determinations from time to time at intervals of not less than five years.

(5) No fee or duty shall be charged or payable in respect of the issue under section 9 of the Land Ordinance of the certificate in respect of a right of occupancy created by this Act.
6.—(1) Any person aggrieved by the rent determined by the Appeals Commissioner under section 5 or by any term or condition annexed to any right of occupancy by the Commissioner under that section, may within thirty days of being notified in writing of such determination or, as the case may be, of the term or condition, appeal to the Minister against the determination of rent or the annexation of the term or condition.

(2) The decision of the Minister on any appeal under subsection (1) shall be final and shall not be subject to review by any court.

7.—(1) In determining any appeal under section 6 the Minister shall have regard to—

(a) the extent of the development of the land comprised in the right of occupancy;

(b) whether excessive hardship will be caused to the owner of the right of occupancy by the decision of the Commissioner complained against;

(c) any other relevant fact.

(2) The Minister shall have power to hear such evidence as he may consider relevant.

(3) The Minister shall determine every appeal as the merits of the case may require.

(4) On an appeal the Minister may give directions for—

(a) where the appeal is against an amount of rent determined by the Commissioner, the variation of the rent;

(b) where the appeal is against any term or condition annexed to the right of occupancy, the variation or removal of such term or condition,

and every such direction shall be binding upon the parties concerned.

(5) The Minister may, where he is satisfied that there is no merit in an appeal, dismiss the appeal.

8. Where, in the opinion of the President, any difficulty exists in or removal of difficulties in relation to the administration of this Act, he may, by order published in the Gazette, make such provision as, in his opinion, is necessary or expedient for effecting the removal of such difficulty.

9. The Minister may make regulations—

(a) prescribing the manner in which an appeal shall be made under section 6;

(b) regulating the procedure in any such appeal.
10. Where, by virtue of the provisions of this Act, a Government lease is converted to a right of occupancy, the provisions of the Freehold Titles (Conversion) and Government Leases Act, 1963 shall, with effect from the appointed day, cease to have effect in relation to, or apply to, the land comprised in such Government lease.

Passed in the National Assembly on the twenty-fourth day of October, 1969.

Clerk of the National Assembly

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